# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# Lipan Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2020

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Introductory Section

# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Lipan Independent School District Name of School District <u>Hood</u> County <u>111-902</u> Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) \_\_\_\_\_\_approved \_\_\_\_\_\_disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2020, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the  $19^{+h}$  day of <u>November</u>, <u>2020</u>.

Signature of Board Secretary

10 Ud

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

Financial Section



### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Lipan Independent School District 211 Kickapoo Street Lipan, Texas 76462

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lipan Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lipan Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lipan Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and accompanying other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for Exhibit J-2, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and Exhibit J-2 of the other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2020 on our consideration of Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted, Mow Harrett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams October 28, 2020

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,681,881 (*net position*). The District has unrestricted net position in the amount of (\$2,056,211).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,344,166. The District has an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of \$2,153,499.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,153,499, or 44% of the total general fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

• Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.

• Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions . reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, state textbook fund, and debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.
- **Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position that can be found on page 18.
- Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-43 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 44-50 of this report.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$3,681,769 as of August 31, 2020.

# The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Current and other assets	\$ 3,631,001	\$ 2,905,704
Capital assets	11,984,314	12,267,472
Long-term Investments	850,000	-
Total assets	15,615,315	15,173,176
Deferred outflows related to pensions	591,582	534,631
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	732,982	141,975
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,324,564	676,606
Other liabilities	239,187	364,956
Long-term liabilities outstanding	11,765,739	11,470,634
Total liabilities	12,004,926	11,835,590
Deferred inflows related to pensions	308,662	231,976
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	944,522	626,181
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,253,184	858,157
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	4,561,670	4,696,184
Restricted	1,176,310	1,005,525
Unrestricted		
	(2,056,211)	(2,545,674)
Total net position	\$ 3,681,769	\$ 3,156,035

of August 31, 2020 Unrestricted Restricted Net Investment in Capital Assets (4,000) (2,000) 0 2,000 4,000 6,000 In Thousands

**Net Position as** 

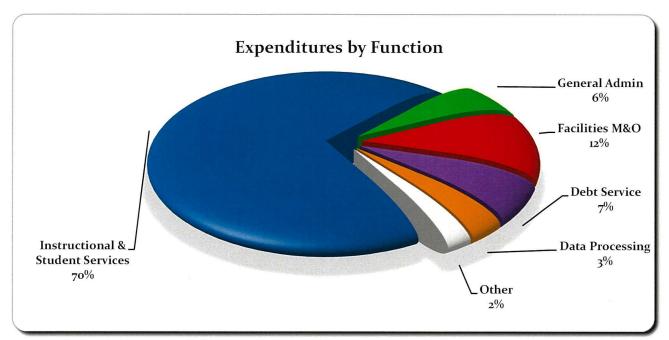
Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and furniture and equipment) is \$4,561,670. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$1,176,310, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, (\$2,056,211), may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This deficit is not an indication that the District does not have resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are more than currently available resources.

**Governmental activities.** The District's total net position increased \$525,734. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$6,209,472. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$2,409,497 or 40%.

Changes	in the	<b>District's</b>	Net	Position
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	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 21,373	\$ 26,550
Operating grants & contributions	905,065	847,585
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,490,497	2,587,711
State grants	3,264,190	2,243,991
Other	54,081	91,008
Total revenues	6,735,206	5,796,845
Expenses:		
Instruction	3,350,030	2,923,409
Instructional resources & media services	30,837	5,158
Curriculum & staff development	11,592	8,461
Instructional leadership	6,677	75,926
School leadership	375,916	346,631
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	93,493	77,544
Health services	79,743	28,872
Student transportation	86,258	103,716
Food services	165,654	151,144
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	167,234	183,574
General administration	360,593	366,765
Facilities maintenance & operations	713,815	521,190
Security and monitoring services	17,066	13,857
Data processing services	211,587	156,811
Debt service-interest on long-term debt	409,736	413,686
Payments related to shared service arrangements	71,308	62,734
Other intergovernmental charges	57,933	68,047
Total expenses	6,209,472	5,507,525
Increase in net position	525,734	289,320
Beginning net position	3,156,035	2,866,715
Ending net position	\$ 3,681,769	\$ 3,156,035



## Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,344,166, an increase of \$830,268. *Unassigned fund balance* is \$2,153,499. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* or *committed* or *assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned to prepaid items (\$30,847); and restricted to pay (1) debt service (\$295,995), (2) for capital acquisitions (\$112), (3) for federal and state grants (\$9,944), and (4) for the bond sinking fund (\$850,000); and committed for other uses (\$3,769).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,153,499. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 44% of the total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$664,331 during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance of the District's debt service fund increased \$194,158 during the current fiscal year for a total ending fund balance of \$1,145,995.



## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments were due to allow for unexpected occurrences and to better reflect the activities of the District. The revised budgeted revenue was primarily due to:

HB3 caused additional revenue for the district not included in the original budget.

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts:

- Actual revenues were lower than budgeted by \$5,638, primarily related to a decrease in state program revenues; and,
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$625,107, primarily from decreases in expense areas such as instruction, student (pupil) transportation, plant maintenance and operations, data processing services, and capital outlay.

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020, amounts to \$11,984,314 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the year included improvements to the communication/public announcement system and canopy and concrete work at the track. Equipment purchases included a new ID card and access control system, new playground equipment, as well as a new capital lease for Google Chromebooks.

### Districts Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Aug	gust 31, 2020	Aug	gust 31, 2019
Land	\$	92,314	\$	92,314
Buildings and improvements		11,300,421		11,763,068
Furniture and equipment		591,579		412,090
Total at historical cost	\$	11,984,314	\$	12,267,472

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C on pages 27-28 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** As of August 31, 2020, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$7,214,252, a decrease of \$147,201 from the prior year. The District also had notes payable outstanding of \$86,043, a decrease of \$31,314 from prior year. The District had accumulated accretion on CAB's outstanding of \$1,413,642, an increase of \$25,099 from the previous year. Premium on bonds decreased \$6,840 from the prior year resulting in an ending balance of \$85,748. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$1,011,245, which was an increase of \$84,097 from the prior year. Finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$1,949,357, which was an increase of \$334,517 over the prior year.

The District's bonds are rated Superior by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas. The uninsured tax supported debt of the District is rated Baa1 by Moody's. The district also has one other issue outstanding which is rated Baa1 by Moody's by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$18,735,834.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note E on pages 29-31 of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District's student attendance rate has remained stable at 96%; enrollment has decreased from around 437 to near 413.
- The District's tax rate is currently at \$.963 per \$100 in assessed property value, the maximum tax rate allowable by state law for maintenance and operations. The District has appropriated revenues of \$5,134,846.00 none of which is from restricted cash forward, and budgeted expenditures of \$5,134,846.00 in the 2020-2021 budget.
- The District does not anticipate any major effects from COVID 19.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Lipan ISD Business Office, 211 N. Kickapoo St., Lipan, TX 76462.



Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1
Data Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
Codes	ASSETS:	Activities
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 636,695
	Current Investments	
		1,827,128
	Property Taxes Receivable (Net) Due from Other Governments	95,681
		97,246
	Due from Fiduciary	7,183
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	86,221
1410	Unrealized Expenses Capital Assets:	30,847
1510	Land	92,314
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	11,300,421
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	591,579
1910	Long-Term Investments - Sinking Fund	850,000
1000	Total Assets	15,615,315
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	591,582
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	732,982
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,324,564
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	18,143
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable	31,373
2140	Interest Payable	16,660
2165	Accrued Liabilities	172,649
2300	Unearned Revenue	362
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year	162,095
2502	Due in More Than One Year	8,643,042
2540	Net Pension Liability	1,011,245
2545	Net OPEB Liability	1,949,357
2000	Total Liabilities	12,004,926
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	308,662
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	944,522
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,253,184
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,561,558
	Restricted For:	
3820	State Programs	9,944
3850	Debt Service	316,478
3890	Other Purposes - Sinking Fund	850,000
3900	Unrestricted	(2,056,211)
3000	Total Net Position	\$3,681,769

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	_	1 Expenses	-	3 Program Charges for Services	G	4 Dperating arants and pontributions	-	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	3,350,030	\$		\$	310,003	\$	(3,040,027)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		30,837				1,437		(29,400)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		11,592				7,649		(3,943)
21	Instructional Leadership		6,677				7,261		584
23	School Leadership		375,916				46,452		(329,464)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		93,493				10,251		(83,242)
33	Health Services		79,743				5,339		(74,404)
34	Student Transportation		86,258				7,991		(78,267)
35	Food Service		165,654		8,979		101,808		(54,867)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		167,234		11,906		15,786		(139,542)
41	General Administration		360,593				39,153		(321,440)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		713,815		488		91,122		(622,205)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		17,066				10,288		(6,778)
53	Data Processing Services		211,587				59,145		(152,442)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		409,736				185,398		(224,338)
81	Capital Outlay						2,314		2,314
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		71,308				3,668		(67,640)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		57,933						(57,933)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		6,209,472	-	21,373		905,065		(5,283,034)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	6,209,472	\$	21,373	\$	905,065		(5,283,034)
MT DT IE GC MI TR CN NB NE	Pro Pro Inv Gr. Mis T C Net	operty Tax restment I ants and o scellaneou otal Gene Change in	xes, Levied for Ga xes, Levied for Da Earnings Contributions Not us eral Revenues Net Position Beginning	ebt Ser	vice	Programs			1,945,458 545,039 25,015 3,264,190 29,066 5,808,768 525,734 3,156,035 3,681,769

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	_	98 Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS:	۴	COO 400	<b></b>		ሱ	0.011	φ.	606 60F
1110 1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments	\$	628,483 1,610,395	\$	1 205,800	\$	8,211 10,933	\$	636,695 1,827,128
1225	Taxes Receivable		133,406		203,800 34,636		10,955		168,042
1220	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(58,208)		(14,153)				(72,361)
1240	Due from Other Governments		90,805		4,335		2,106		97,246
1260	Due from Other Funds		7,183						7,183
1290	Other Receivables				86,221				86,221
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		30,847						30,847
1910	Long Term Investments - Sinking Fund				850,000				850,000
1000	Total Assets	\$	2,442,911	\$	1,166,840	\$	21,250	\$	3,631,001
		.==		.=		. =		'=	
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	14,883	\$		\$	3,260	\$	18,143
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		561		~-				561
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		164,486				3,972		168,458
2200	Accrued Expenditures		3,437				193		3,630
2300	Unearned Revenue				362	~		_	362
2000	Total Liabilities		183,367		362	-	7,425	_	191,154
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		75 400		00,400				05 001
0000	Property Taxes		75,198	<u></u>	20,483	-		-	95,681
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		75,198		20,483	-		-	95,681
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3430	Prepaid Items		30,847						30,847
	Restricted Fund Balances:		,						,
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions						9,944		9,944
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations						112		112
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				295,995				295,995
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance - SInking Fund				850,000				850,000
	Committed Fund Balances:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance - Campus Activity Fund						3,769		3,769
3600	Unassigned		2,153,499						2,153,499
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	2,184,346		1,145,995	_	13,825	_	3,344,166
						_			
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	•		•		*		~	
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,442,911	\$	1,166,840	\$_	21,250	\$_	3,631,001

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 3,344,166
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds. Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	95,681 11,984,314 591,582 732,982 (1,011,245) (1,949,357) (308,662) (944,522) (7,214,252) (86,043) (36,825) (16,660) (1,413,642) (85,748)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,681,769

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund	_	50 Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Go	98 Total overnmental Funds
	REVENUES:							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,988,717	\$	546,675	\$ 9,468	\$	2,544,860
5800	State Program Revenues		3,493,293		12,680	89,801		3,595,774
5900	Federal Program Revenues		17,097		172,718	214,401		404,216
5020	Total Revenues		5,499,107		732,073	313,670		6,544,850
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		2,673,783			115,042		2,788,825
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		27,083					27,083
0012	Curriculum and Staff Development		2,690			7,500		10,190
0023	School Leadership		305,663					305,663
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		77,129					77,129
0033	Health Services		68,650					68,650
0034	Student Transportation		72,392					72,392
0034	Food Service		72,002			138,726		138,726
0035	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		140,095			100,720		140,095
0030	General Administration		297,927					297,927
0041	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		849,152			32,554		881,706
0051	Security and Monitoring Services		4,960			10,042		15,002
0053	Data Processing Services		135,089			49,266		184,355
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		50,591		147,201			197,792
0072	0		548		390,714			391,262
0081	Capital Outlay		44,646					44,646
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		71,308					71,308
	Other Intergovernmental Charges		57,933					57,933
6030	Total Expenditures		4,879,639		537,915	353,130		5,770,684
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures		619,468		194,158	(39,460)		774,166
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):							
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases		56,102					56,102
7915	Transfers In					11,239		11,239
8911	Transfers Out		(11,239)					(11,239)
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	44,863			11,239		56,102
	,		664,331		194,158	(28,221)		830,268
1200			007,001		104,100	(20,221)		000,200
	Fund Balances - Beginning	<u></u>	1,520,015	<u> </u>	951,837	42,046		2,513,898
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,184,346	\$	1,145,995	\$13,825	\$	3,344,166

### LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	;	830,268
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		21,091
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		404,710
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(687,868)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position. Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were	•	93,883
expended and recorded as a reduction to NPL.		(67,369)
The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.		
The net pension expense decreased net position.		(130,346)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows	<i>.</i>	· · · /
These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.		37,484
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were		,
expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.		(29,047)
The proportionate share of the TRS-Care expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.		
The net OPEB expense decreased net position.		(70,288)
Proceeds of capital leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as other financing		
sources in the funds.		(56,102)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		147,201
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		19,277
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		31,314
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		(215)
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		(25,099)
Premiums on bonds are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.		6,840
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities		525,734

### EXHIBIT E-1

Agency

# LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	 Fund
Data	
Control	Student
Codes	Activity
ASSETS:	 
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 96,373
1000 Total Assets	\$ 96,373
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
2170 Due to Other Funds	\$ 7,183
2190 Due to Student Groups	89,190
2000 Total Liabilities	 96,373
NET POSITION:	
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Lipan Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

- 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting
  - a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources restriced, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

- 3. Financial Statement Amounts
  - a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings & Improvements	5-30
Equipment	3-15

#### d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balance amounts are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the Superintendent the authority to assign amounts to be expended for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The District shall maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund ranging from 15 to 20 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. This minimum fund balance shall be protected against cash shortfalls related to the timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment. The District is currently within the policy limits.

### j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

## LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

### B. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$733,068 and the bank balance was \$753,697. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### 2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2020 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Logic - LGIP	Wtd Avg Maturity = 51 Days	\$ 205,800
Lone Star Liquidity Plus - Govt Overnight Fund	Wtd Avg Maturity = 27 Days	 1,621,328
Total Investments		\$ 1,827,128

#### 3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2020, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

Logic - LGIP	AAA
Lone Star Liquidity Plus - Govt Overnight Fund	AAAm

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts. The district reports investments in local government pools following GASB 79 at amortized cost.

#### Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The Distict's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### LOGIC

The Local Government Investment Cooperative ("LOGIC") is a local government investment pool organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the "PFIA"). These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools (including LOGIC) and authorize eligible governmental entities ("Participants") to invest their public funds and funds under their control through the investment pools.

LOGIC reports its financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Boards (FASB), follows ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements" in reporting its investments and should be classified on government entities financials at Level 2. For pricing and redeeming shares, LOGIC maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method.

Under the fair value method, fixed income securities are valued each day by independent or affiliated commercial pricing services or third party broker-dealers. The pricing services or broker-dealers use multiple valuation techniques to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity exists, the pricing services or broker-dealers may utilize a market-based approach through which quotes from market makers are used to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity may not exist or is limited, the broker-dealers or pricing services also utilize proprietary valuation models which may consider market transactions in comparable securities and the various relationships between securities in determining value and/or market characteristics such as benchmark yield curves, option adjusted spreads, credit spreads, estimated default rates, coupon-rates, anticipated timing of principal repayments, underlying collateral, and other unique security features in order to estimate the relevant cash flows, which are then discounted to calculate the fair values.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measuremnts within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure the assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

- Level 2 inputs are inputs- other than quoted prices included within Level 1- that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierachy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the Local Government Investment Pools do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice period of maximum transaction amounts. These pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

		Fair Value Measurement Using				
Investments	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs		
LOGIC - LGIP	\$ 205,800	\$	\$ 205,800	\$		
Total Investments	\$ 205,800	\$	\$ 205,800	\$		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

#### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:	92,314 \$	\$		\$	92,314
Total capital assets not being depreciated	92,314	Ψ_		Ψ	92,314
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	16,289,020	119,647			16,408,667
Equipment	974,706	285,063			1,259,769
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,263,726	404,710			17,668,436
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u> </u>				
Buildings and improvements	(4,525,952)	(582,294)			(5,108,246)
Equipment	(562,616)	(105,574)			(668,190)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,088,568)	(687,868)			(5,776,436)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,175,158	(283,158)			11,892,000
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	12,267,472 \$	(283,158) \$		_\$	11,984,314

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 384,784
Instructional Resources and Media Services	3,726
Curriculum and Staff Development	1,402
School Leadership	42,050
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	10,611
Health Services	9,444
Student Transportation	9,959
Food Services	18,949
Extracurricular Activities	19,273
General Administration	40,821
Plant Maintenance and Operations	120,223
Security and Monitoring Services	2,064
Data Processing Services	24,562
	\$ 687,868

### D. Interfund Balances and Activities

### 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	· · ·		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Agency Fund	Total	\$ \$	7,183 7,183	Short Term Loans

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Total	\$ \$	11,239	Supplement Food Service Fund

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### E. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds \$	7,361,453 \$	\$	(147,201)\$	7,214,252 \$	144,060
Accumulated Accretion	1,388,543	25,099		1,413,642	
Notes from Direct Borrowings	117,357		(31,314)	86,043	31,373
Premium Amortized on Bonds	92,588		(6,840)	85,748	
Capital Leases*		56,102	(19,277)	36,825	18,035
Net Pension Liability*	927,148	152,186	(68,089)	1,011,245	
Net OPEB Liability*	1,614,840	363,772	(29,255)	1,949,357	~-
Total governmental activities \$	11,501,929 \$	597,159 \$	(301,976) \$	11,797,112 \$	193,468

\* Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability	Governmental	General
Net OPEB Liability	Governmental	General

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	 Notes from Direct Borrowings Bonds and Direct Placements			0	
Year Ending August 31,	 Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 144,060 \$	397,230 \$	31,373 \$	226 \$	572,889
2022	140,756	397,934	31,451	148	570,289
2023	141,141	399,949	22,219	292	563,601
2024	138,860	399,431			538,291
2025	140,016	400,274			540,290
2026-2030	566,724	2,133,524			2,700,248
2031-2035	497,460	2,211,990			2,709,450
2036-2040	5,100,235	1,245,360			6,345,595
2041-2045	345,000	15,525			360,525
Totals	\$ 7,214,252 \$	7,601,217 \$	85,043 \$	666 \$	14,901,178

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 1999 ranges from 5.95% to 6.20% and mature on August 15, 2028.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2010 ranges from 2.20% to 4.00% and mature on August 15, 2028.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2011 is 4.50% and matures on August 15, 2041.

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2015 is 4.596% and matures on August 15, 2038.

The interest rate on the Small School District Pilot HVAC Loan Program is 0.25% and matures on November 30, 2023.

The District has covenanted to make mandatory deposits into the Cumulative Sinking Fund Deposit Account held by the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2015. The Sinking Fund calls for annual payments of \$170,000 for 2016-2020 and \$175,000 for 2021-2038. The 2020 deposit was made by the District and is accounted for in Long-Term Investments and Other Restricted Fund Balance as required by the TEA Financial Accountability System of Resource Guide (FASRG).

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2020.

#### 3. Capital Leases

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ending August 31:		
2021	\$ 19,5	78
2022	19,5	77
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 39,1	55
Less Interest	(2,3	30)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$36,8	25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The following is an analysis of equipment leased as of August 31, 2020:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Equipment	\$	56,102
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(18,701)
	\$	37,401

### F. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2021	\$ 12,672
2022	6,336
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 19,008
Rental Expenditures in 2020	\$ 12,672

### G. Risk Management

### Property Casualty Program

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund) with coverage in Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Privacy & Information Security, Property, and Legal Liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates Lipan ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020, Lipan ISD met its statutory worker's compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2019, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$45,439,534 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that Lipan ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution F	ates		
		2019	2020
Member	-	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)		6.8%	7.5%
Employers		6.8%	7.5%
District's 2020 Employer Contributions	\$	93,883	
District's 2020 Member Contributions	\$	219,939	
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$	139,895	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- --- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.
- 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019	2.63%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full descriptions of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation %	New Target Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ***
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	-
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries ****	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds ****	3.0%	-	-
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8%/6.5%*****
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	-6.0%	2.7%
Expected Return	100.0%	100.0%	7.23%

\* Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

\*\* New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

\*\*\* 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

\*\*\*\* New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

\*\*\*\*\* 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 1,554,430	\$ 1,011,245	\$ 571,160

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,011,245 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,011,245
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 2,077,775
Total	\$ 3,089,020

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0019453% which was an increase of 0.0002609% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

#### Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

- --- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- --- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- --- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$326,389 and revenue of \$326,389 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	4,248 \$	35,112
Changes in actuarial assumptions		313,738	129,651
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		10,154	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		169,559	143,899
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	93,883	
Total	\$	591,582_\$	308,662

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
August 31	Amount
2021	\$ 49,359
2022	\$ 36,895
2023	\$ 39,347
2024	\$ 37,943
2025	\$ 29,181
Thereafter	\$ (3,688)

#### I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698 or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
	Medicare Non-Medica			
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135 \$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529	689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468	408	
Retiree and Family		1,020	999	

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates				
	2019		2020	
Active Employee	0.65%		0.65%	
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%	
Employers	0.75%		0.75%	
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%	
District's 2020 Employer Contributions		\$	37,484	
District's 2020 Member Contributions		\$	18,571	
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)		\$	38,871	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more comple x. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	2.63% as of August 31, 2019
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5% to 10.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,353,501	\$ 1,949,357	\$ 1,633,197

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,949,357 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,949,357
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 2,590,261

Total

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

\$

4,539,618

At August 31, 2020 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.004122%, which was an increase of .0887929%.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,590,218	\$ 1,949,357	\$ 2,430,441

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

--- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the TOL.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30%
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$68,269 and revenue of \$68,269 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	95,633 \$	318,992
Changes in actuarial assumptions		108,272	524,330
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		253	43
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	\$	491,340 \$	101,157
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	•	37,484	
Total	\$	732,982 \$	944,522

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	OPEB Expense	Amount
2021	\$	(60,774)
2022	\$	(60,774)
2023	\$	(60,842)
2024	\$	(60,881)
2025	\$	(60,871)
Thereafter	\$	55,118

#### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$7,927.

#### J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$250 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Company are available for their year end and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

#### K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### L. Shared Services Arrangements

#### Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for a special education program with the following school districts:

Member Districts Dublin ISD Huckabay ISD Lingleville ISD Lipan ISD Morgan Mill ISD

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Dublin ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

#### M. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through October 28, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and nothing significant requiring disclosure was noted.

#### COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, Governor Abbott declared a state wide disaster proclomation in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. In March, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K-12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019-20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate; educationg students using continuous learning models.

The District reopened for the 2020-2021 school year. The full extent of the linancial impact on the school district is unknown at this time.

# Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control			1 Budgete	d Δm	2 ounts		3		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Codes		-	Original	<i>a                                    </i>	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	-	ongina				, lotau	~	(Hogalivo)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,942,200	\$	1,987,093	\$	1,988,717	\$	1,624
5800	State Program Revenues	Ŧ	3,259,037	+	3,500,555		3,493,293	•	(7,262)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		15,000		17,097		17,097		
5020	Total Revenues	_	5,216,237		5,504,745		5,499,107	_	(5,638)
		_					·····	_	
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		2,826,356		2,729,276		2,673,783		55,493
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		30,046		30,046		27,083		2,963
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	7,900		7,900		2,690	_	5,210
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services		2,864,302		2,767,222		2,703,556		63,666
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership		303,994		316,494		305,663		10,831
0020	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	303,994		316,494		305,663	-	10,831
					010,101	_	000,000	-	10,001
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		77,494		80,494		77,129		3,365
0033	Health Services		61,585		74,998		68,650		6,348
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		79,716		162,390		72,392		89,998
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		170,713		170,713		140,095		30,618
••••	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		389,508		488,595	~	358,266	~	130,329
		-				_			
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration	~	317,021		321,021		297,927	_	23,094
	Total Administrative Support Services		317,021		321,021		297,927	_	23,094
0054	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:		700 704		000 701		040 450		447 570
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		736,731		966,731		849,152		117,579
0052	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services		8,000		8,000		4,960		3,040
0053	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	<u>172,654</u> 917,385	_	221,254	_	<u>135,089</u> 989,201	-	86,165 206,784
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	917,303		1,195,905		303,201	-	200,704
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		51,481		50,876		50,591		285
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt				605		548		57
	Total Debt Service	-	51,481	_	51,481		51,139	-	342
		-						-	-21
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay	-	230,548	_	200,548	_	44,646	-	155,902
	Total Capital Outlay	-	230,548		200,548		44,646	-	155,902
~~~~	Intergovernmental Charges:		00.000		74 400		74 000		00
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA		80,000		71,400		71,308		92
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	-	62,000	_	92,000	-	57,933	-	34,067
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	-	142,000	·	163,400	_	129,241	-	34,159
6020	Total Expenditures	-	5,216,238	-	5,504,746	_	4,879,639	-	625,107
6030		-	5,210,230	_	0,004,740	-		-	020,107

### LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures			619,468	619,468
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases			56,102	56,102
8911	Transfers Out		(32,326)	(11,239)	21,087
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(32,326)	44,863	77,189
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(32,326)	664,331	696,657
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	1,520,015	1,520,015	1,520,015	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,520,015	\$ 1,487,689	\$ 2,184,346	\$ 696,657

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	Measurement Year												
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	 2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	(	0.0019453%	0.0016844%	0.0017705%	0.0024001%	0.0023111%	0.0015033%						
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,011,245 \$	927,148 \$	566,104 \$	906,959 \$	816,943 \$	401,552 \$		\$		\$		\$ 
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,077,775	2,091,382	1,251,696	1,454,082	1,311,219	1,064,338						
Total	\$	3,089,020 \$	3,018,530 \$	1,817,800 \$	2,361,041 \$	2,128,162 \$	1,465,890 \$		\$		\$		\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$	2,195,331 \$	2,329,359 \$	2,179,052 \$	2,027,633 \$		\$		\$		\$ 
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		41.86%	41.78%	25.79%	38.94%	37.49%	19.80%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ge	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%						

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	Fiscal Year											
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	 2011
Contractually required contribution	\$	93,883 \$	67,369 \$	56,627 \$	58,025 \$	76,282 \$	68,433 \$	38,113 \$		\$		\$ 
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(93,883)	(67,369)	(56,627)	(58,025)	(76,282)	(68,433)	(38,113)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$		\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	2,855,497 \$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$	2,195,331 \$	2,329,359 \$	2,179,052 \$	2,027,633 \$		\$		\$ 
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.29%	2.79%	2.55%	2.64%	3.27%	3.14%	1.88%				

• This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

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SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

						Measure	ement	Year				
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015		2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.0041220%	0.0032341%	0.0034447%								
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,949,357 \$	1,614,840 \$	1,497,968 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		2,590,261	1,966,633	1,785,948								
Total	\$_	4,539,618 \$	3,581,473 \$	3,283,916 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$	2,195,331 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		80.70%	72.77%	68.23%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total OPEB liability	tage	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%								

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

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					Fi	scal Ye	ear				
	 2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 37,484 \$	29,047 \$	22,424 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	(37,484)	(29,047)	(22,424)								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,855,497 \$	2,415,495 \$	2,219,024 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.31%	1.20%	1.01%								

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### <u>Budget</u>

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Funds, and Debt Service Funds). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

#### Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

#### Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement year of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Change of assumptions that affected the measurement year of the total net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

# Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	1	2	3 Assessed/Appraised
Year Ended August 31	Maintenance	ax Rates Debt Service	Value For School Tax Purposes
2011 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various
2012	1.1700	.2430	155,511,182
2013	1.1700	.2190	171,783,009
2014	1.1700	.2218	172,031,686
2015	1.1700	.2265	173,570,354
2016	1.1700	.3180	176,722,849
2017	1.1700	.3350	170,452,425
2018	1.1700	.3200	171,423,221
2019	1.1700	.3100	173,894,797
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	1.0684	.3000	187,358,344

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy is the ending levy provided by Hood Central Appraisal District.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current total tax rate. The amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/19	-	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 aintenance Collections	_	32 Debt Service Collections	 40 Entire Year's Adjustments		50 Ending Balance 8/31/20
\$ 10,152	\$		\$ 55	\$	9	\$ (137)	\$	9,951
3,948								3,948
3,827			139		26			3,662
4,228			131		25			4,072
3,230			313		60		1	2,857
8,526			1,863		506			6,157
15,607			4,203		1,203	(1,967)		8,234
18,639			4,564		1,248	1,593		14,420
63,745			16,389		4,342	(7,661)		35,353
		2,490,139	1,873,734		526,133	(10,884)		79,388
\$ 131,902	\$	2,490,139	\$ 1,901,391	\$_	533,552	\$ (19,056)	\$	168,042
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control	]	 
Codes	Explanation	 Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2020 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$ 2,184,346
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	 30,847
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	 
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	 
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	 
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	 406,637
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	 813,274
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	 
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	 
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	 
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	 
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	 1,250,758
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$ 933,588

The District will use the excess fund balance to fund construction projects.

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	_	B	1 udget	 2 Actual		3 Variance Positive (Negative)
5700 5800 5900 5020	<b>REVENUES:</b> Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	10,100 775 109,400 120,275	\$ 9,467 4,855 93,337 107,659	\$ 	(633) 4,080 (16,063) (12,616)
0035	<b>EXPENDITURES:</b> Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil): <i>Food Services</i> Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		142,901 142,901	 138,726 138,726		4,175
0051	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: <i>Plant Maintenance and Operations</i> Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		9,700 9,700	 7,554		2,146 2,146
6030	Total Expenditures		152,601	 146,280	_	6,321
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(32,326)	 (38,621)		(6,295)
7915 7080 1200	Other Financing Sources (Uses): <i>Transfers In</i> Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance		32,326 32,326 	 11,239 11,239 (27,382)		(21,087) (21,087) (27,382)
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	27,382 27,382	\$ 27,382	\$	(27,382)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual		3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:	 	 		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 556,000	\$ 546,675	\$	(9,325)
5800	State Program Revenues	1,000	12,680		11,680
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 181,398	 172,718		(8,680)
5020	Total Revenues	 738,398	 732,073	_	(6,325)
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	317,201	147,201		170,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	 400,714	 390,714		10,000
	Total Debt Service	 717,915	 537,915	_	180,000
6030	Total Expenditures	 717,915	 537,915	_	180,000
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	20,483	194,158		173,675
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	 20,483	 194,158		173,675
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 951,837 972,320	\$ 951,837 1,145,995	\$	173,675



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Trustees Lipan Independent School District 211 Kickapoo Street Lipan, Texas 76462

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lipan Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lipan Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lipan Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lipan Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lipan Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lipan Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Lipan Independent School District in a separate letter dated October 28, 2020.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Snow Garrett Williams October 28, 2020

**LIPAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT** SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		-	
Codes	-	F	lesponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered <b>to not have made</b> timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	1,413,642